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APPLICATION NO.	1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/788,755 02/27/2004		02/27/2004	George Douglas Meegan JR.	82274.95	9281		
24347	7590	11/18/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER		
HUNTON 1601 BRYA		LIAMS LLP ET	HOPKINS, I	HOPKINS, ROBERT A			
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DALLAS, 7	DALLAS, TX 75201						
				DATE MAILED: 11/18/2003	DATE MAILED: 11/18/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			,755	MEEGAN, GEOR	MEEGAN, GEORGE DOUGLAS				
			er	Art Unit					
		Robert	A. Hopkins	1724					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	ation appears on	the cover sheet with	the correspondence ac	idress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 31 October 2	005.						
• —	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This action is non-final.								
′—	Since this application is in condition for	<i>,</i> —		s, prosecution as to the	e merits is				
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-88 is/are pending in the ap	olication.							
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	Claim(s) 83-88 is/are allowed.								
·	Claim(s) <u>1-6,8,9,12-14,21,23,26-29,31</u>	,32,36,43-46,48,	50-52,54,56-62,64,	66-72,75,76 and 79 is/a	are rejected.				
•	Claim(s) 7,10,11,15-20,22,24,25,30,3				<del>-</del>				
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction			<u> </u>	•				
Applicati	on Papers								
0) 🗆 .	The specification is objected to by the	Evaminer							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10/	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the		•		ED 1 121/d\				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to b	•	•, .	•					
·—	·	y the Examiner.	Note the attached C		10-102.				
-	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority do		* *	<u></u>	Chama				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of	•		eceived in this National	Stage				
* 0	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachment	He)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)									
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date									
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT	O/SB/08)		rmal Patent Application (PTC	O-152)				
Paper	r No(s)/Mail Date		6)  Other:						

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#### DETAILED ACTION

Note: The current office action supercedes the final rejection, and hence the finality of the previous office action is vacated. The current office action is a non-final office action due to the introduction of a new reference.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-6,8,9,12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Benes et al(5225089).

Benes et al teaches an acoustic agglomerator for agglomerating constituents comprising an acoustic generator(5) configured to communicate with an area containing a fluid having constituents(figure 14; dispersion A), wherein the acoustic generator is operable to generate a frequency modulated acoustic field without reliance on the fluid(column 18 lines 39-50), wherein the frequency modulated acoustic field is applied to the fluid to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the fluid(column 19 lines 27-28). Benes et al further teaches wherein the fluid is further defined as a liquid(column 1 lines 17-23). Benes et al further teaches wherein the fluid is further

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defined as a gas. Benes et al further teaches wherein the fluid is further defined as a combustion exhaust gas. Benes et al further teaches a second acoustic generator(6; column 15 line 63) operable to generate a second acoustic field without reliance on the fluid(figure 1), wherein the second acoustic field is applied to the fluid to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the fluid. Benes et al further teaches wherein the second acoustic field is modulated. Benes et al further teaches wherein the second acoustic field is frequency modulated. Benes et al further teaches wherein the acoustic generator frequency modulates the acoustic field relative to a first frequency and the second acoustic generator frequency modulates the second acoustic field relative to a second frequency. Benes et al further teaches a plurality of acoustic generators(6) operable to generate a plurality of modulated acoustic fields without reliance on the fluid, wherein the plurality of modulated acoustic fields are applied to the fluid to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the fluid. Benes et al further teaches a plurality of acoustic generators(6) operable to generate a uniform(stepwise increase in resonant frequency) modulated acoustic field without reliance on the fluid along the length of an exhaust duct, wherein the plurality of modulated acoustic fields are applied to the fluid to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the fluid. Benes et al. further teaches a particle collection device(outlets 26,26' in figure 14) to receive the fluid from the area, the particle collection device operable to remove at least a portion of the constituents from the fluid.

Claims 21,23,26-29,31,32,36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being

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clearly anticipated by Benes et al(5225089).

Benes et al teaches an acoustic agglomerator for agglomerating constituents comprising an acoustic generator(5) configured to communicate with an area containing a gas(liquid particles(fog) in gases; column 1 lines 23-24) having constituents, wherein the acoustic generator is operable to generate a modulated acoustic field without reliance on the gas, wherein the modulated acoustic field is applied to the gas to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the gas fluid(column 19 lines 27-28). Benes et al further teaches wherein the acoustic generator can generate a frequency modulated acoustic field. Benes et al further teaches a second acoustic generator(6; column 15 line 63) operable to generate a second acoustic field without reliance on the gas(figure 1), wherein the second acoustic field is applied to the gas to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the gas. Benes et al further teaches a plurality of acoustic generators(6) operable to generate a plurality of modulated acoustic fields without reliance on the gas, wherein the plurality of modulated acoustic fields are applied to the gas to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the gas. Benes et al further teaches wherein at least a first acoustic generator of the plurality of acoustic generators can generate a frequency modulated acoustic field. Benes et al further teaches wherein the acoustic generator frequency modulates the acoustic field relative to a first frequency and the second acoustic generator frequency modulates the second acoustic field relative to a second frequency. Benes et al further teaches a particle collection device(outlets 26,26' in

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figure 14) to receive the fluid from the area, the particle collection device operable to remove at least a portion of the constituents from the fluid.

Claims 43-46,48,50, and 51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Benes et al(5225089)

Benes et al teaches an acoustic agglomerator for agglomerating constituents comprising an acoustic generator(5) configured to communicate with an area containing a fluid having constituents(figure 14; dispersion A), wherein the fluid is in an open area, wherein the acoustic generator is operable to generate a modulated acoustic field without reliance on the fluid(column 18 lines 39-50), wherein the modulated acoustic field is applied to the fluid to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the fluid(column 19 lines 27-28). Benes et al further teaches wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the frequency of the acoustic field.

Claims 52,54, and 56-58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Benes et al(5225089).

Benes et al teaches an acoustic agglomerator for agglomerating constituents comprising an acoustic generator(5) configured to communicate with an exhaust of a vehicle having constituents(figure 14; dispersion A), wherein the acoustic generator is operable to generate a modulated acoustic field without reliance on the exhaust(column 18 lines 39-50), wherein the modulated acoustic field is applied to the fluid to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the fluid(column 19 lines 27-28). Benes et al further teaches wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the frequency of the

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acoustic field.

Claims 59-62,64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Benes et al(5225089).

Benes et al teaches an acoustic agglomerator for agglomerating constituents comprising an acoustic generator(5) configured to communicate with an area with a fluid flow having constituents(figure 14; dispersion A), wherein the acoustic generator is operable to generate a modulated acoustic field without reliance on the fluid(column 18 lines 39-50), wherein the modulated acoustic field is applied to the fluid to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the fluid(column 19 lines 27-28), and the acoustic generator applies the modulated acoustic field at an angle arbitrary to a direction of the fluid flow. Benes et al further teaches wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the frequency of the acoustic field.

Claims 66-72,75,76,79 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Benes et al(5225089).

Benes et al teaches an acoustic agglomerator for agglomerating constituents comprising an acoustic generator(5) configured to communicate with an area with a fluid flow having constituents(figure 14; dispersion A), wherein the acoustic generator is operable to generate a modulated acoustic field without reliance on the fluid(column 18 lines 39-50), wherein the modulated acoustic field is applied to the fluid to enhance agglomeration of the constituents in the area(column 19 lines 27-28), and a system operable to determine information about the constituents in the area, wherein the

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acoustic generator can modify the modulated acoustic field in response to the information(column 5 lines 26-50, column 6 lines 1-8). Benes et al further teaches wherein the system includes an opacity detector(magnifying glass or microscope). Benes et al further teaches wherein the system includes a particulate analyzer. Benes et al further teaches wherein the modification to the acoustic field is a modification to the frequency of the acoustic field. Benes et al further teaches wherein the modification to the acoustic field is a modulation of the acoustic field. Benes et al further teaches wherein the modulation is a frequency modulation.

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 7,10,11,15-20,22,24,25,30,33-35,37-

42,47,49,53,55,63,65,73,74,77,78,80,81,82 are objected to as being dependant upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 7 recites "wherein the second acoustic field is amplitude modulated". Benes et al teaches a second acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a second acoustic field which is amplitude modulated because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 10 recites "wherein the acoustic generator amplitude modulates the acoustic field, and the second acoustic generator amplitude modulates the second

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acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field and a second acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an acoustic field and a second acoustic field which is amplitude modulated because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claims 15-19 recite wherein the particle collection device is a filter, electrostatic precipitator, baghouse, cyclone separator, and gravitational settling chamber respectively. Benes et al teaches a particle collection device, but does not teach wherein the particle collection device is a filter, electrostatic precipitator, baghouse, cyclone separator, and gravitational settling chamber respectively. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide wherein the particle collection device is a filter, electrostatic precipitator, baghouse, cyclone separator, and gravitational settling chamber respectively because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 20 recites "a hopper operably positioned to accumulate at least a portion of the constituents removed from the fluid by the particle collection device". Benes et al teaches a particle collection device, but does not teach a hopper operably positioned to accumulate at least a portion of the constituents removed from the fluid by the particle collection device. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a hopper operably positioned to accumulate at least a portion of the constituents removed from the fluid by the particle

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collection device because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 22 recites "wherein the acoustic generator can generate an amplitude modulated acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an acoustic field which is amplitude modulated because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification. Claims 24,25 depend on claim 22 and hence would also be allowable upon incorporation of claim 22 into claim 21.

Claim 30 recites "wherein at least a first acoustic generator of the plurality of acoustic generators can generate an amplitude modulated acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide at least a first acoustic generator of the plurality of acoustic generators can generate an amplitude modulated acoustic field because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 33 recites "wherein at least a first acoustic generator can generate an amplitude modulated acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide at least a first acoustic generator of the which can generate an amplitude modulated acoustic field because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification. Claim 34 depends on claim 33 and hence would also be allowable upon incorporation of claims 33,32, 31, and 28 into claim 21.

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Claims 37-41 recite wherein the particle collection device is a filter, electrostatic precipitator, baghouse, cyclone separator, and gravitational settling chamber respectively. Benes et al teaches a particle collection device, but does not teach wherein the particle collection device is a filter, electrostatic precipitator, baghouse, cyclone separator, and gravitational settling chamber respectively. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide wherein the particle collection device is a filter, electrostatic precipitator. baghouse, cyclone separator, and gravitational settling chamber respectively because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 42 recites "a hopper operably positioned to accumulate at least a portion of the constituents removed from the fluid by the particle collection device". Benes et al teaches a particle collection device, but does not teach a hopper operably positioned to accumulate at least a portion of the constituents removed from the fluid by the particle collection device. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a hopper operably positioned to accumulate at least a portion of the constituents removed from the fluid by the particle collection device because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 47 recites "wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the amplitude of the acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an acoustic field which is amplitude modulated because Benes et

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al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 49 recites "wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the frequency and amplitude of the acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an acoustic generator which can modulate the frequency and amplitude of the acoustic field because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 53 recites "wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the amplitude of the acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an acoustic field which is amplitude modulated because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 55 recites "wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the frequency and amplitude of the acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an acoustic generator which can modulate the frequency and amplitude of the acoustic field because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 63 recites "wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the amplitude of the acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

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invention to provide an acoustic field which is amplitude modulated because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 65 recites "wherein the acoustic generator can modulate the frequency and amplitude of the acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an acoustic generator which can modulate the frequency and amplitude of the acoustic field because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 73 recites "wherein the modulation is an amplitude modulation". Benes et al teaches wherein the modulation is a frequency modulation. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a modulation which is an amplitude modulation because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 74 recites "wherein the modulation is a combination of frequency and amplitude modulation". Benes et al teaches wherein the modulation is a frequency modulation. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a modulation which is a frequency and amplitude modulation because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 77 recites "wherein the acoustic field is amplitude modulated". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an

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acoustic field which is amplitude modulated because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claim 78 recites "wherein the acoustic field is frequency and amplitude modulated". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an acoustic field which is frequency and amplitude modulated because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification. Claims 80 and 81 depend on claim 78 and hence would also be allowable upon incorporation of claims 78,75 into claim 66.

Claim 82 recites "wherein the modification to the acoustic field is a modification to the amplitude of the acoustic field". Benes et al teaches an acoustic field which is frequency modulated. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an modification to the acoustic field which is a modification to the amplitude of the acoustic field because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification.

Claims 83-88 are allowed.

Claim 83 recites "providing a filtration device operable to filter a fluid stream having constituents; generating a modulated acoustic field without reliance on the fluid stream; applying the modulated acoustic field to the fluid stream at a point upstream of the filtration device, wherein the modulated acoustic field enhances an agglomeration

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of the constituents:. Benes et al teaches generating a modulated acoustic field without reliance on the fluid stream, but does not teach applying the modulated acoustic field to the fluid stream at a point upstream of a filtration device, wherein the modulated acoustic field enhances an agglomeration of the constituents. It would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a step of applying the modulated acoustic field to the fluid stream at a point upstream of a filtration device because Benes et al does not suggest such a modification. Claims 84-88 depend on claim 83 and hence are also allowed.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10-31-05 have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new rejections in the current office action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert A. Hopkins whose telephone number is 571-272-1159. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 7am-4pm, alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Duane Smith can be reached on 571-272-1166. The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval(PAIR) system. Status information for published

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applications may be obtained from either private PAIR or public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through private PAIR only. For more in information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197(toll-free).

**RAH** 

November 14, 2005